# First Regular Session Seventy-third General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

## **PREAMENDED**

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 21-0757.01 Yelana Love x2295

**SENATE BILL 21-197** 

#### SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Rodriguez,

### **HOUSE SPONSORSHIP**

Woodrow,

**Senate Committees**Business, Labor, & Technology

#### **House Committees**

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

CONCERNING THE TREATING PHYSICIAN IN WORKERS' COMPENSATION

102 CASES.

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# **Bill Summary**

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <a href="http://leg.colorado.gov">http://leg.colorado.gov</a>.)

The bill provides injured workers control over the selection of the primary treating physician in workers' compensation cases, allowing them to choose from any level I or level II accredited physician through the division of workers' compensation. The bill creates the mechanism by which the injured worker may select the treating physician, and requires the employer or insurer to choose the physician when an injured worker

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Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

**SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 8-43-404, **amend** (5)(a) and (10)(b) as follows:

8-43-404. Examination - refusal - personal responsibility physicians to testify and furnish results - injured worker right to select treating physician - injured worker right to third-party communications - rules. (5) (a) (I) (A) In all cases of injury, the employer or insurer shall provide a list of at least four physicians or four corporate medical providers or at least two physicians and two corporate medical providers or a combination thereof where available, in the first instance, from which list an injured employee may select the physician who attends the injured employee. At least one of the four designated physicians or corporate medical providers offered must be at a distinct location from the other three designated physicians or corporate medical providers without common ownership. If there are not at least two physicians or corporate medical providers at distinct locations without common ownership within thirty miles of the employer's place of business, then an employer may designate physicians or corporate medical providers at the same location or with shared ownership interests. Upon request by an interested party to the workers' compensation claim, a designated provider on the employer's list shall provide a list of ownership interests and employment relationships, if any, to the requesting party within five days of the receipt of the request. If the services of a physician are not tendered at the time of injury, the employee shall have the right to select a physician or chiropractor. For

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1 purposes of this section, "corporate medical provider" means a medical 2 organization in business as a sole proprietorship, professional 3 corporation, or partnership IMMEDIATELY UPON RECEIPT OF NOTICE OF AN 4 ON-THE-JOB INJURY, BUT NOT MORE THAN SEVEN BUSINESS DAYS AFTER 5 RECEIPT OF NOTICE OF THE ON-THE-JOB INJURY, AN EMPLOYER OR INSURER 6 SHALL, IN WRITTEN VERIFIED FORM, PROVIDE AN INJURED WORKER WITH 7 NOTICE OF THE INJURED WORKER'S RIGHT TO DESIGNATE A TREATING 8 PHYSICIAN AND NOTIFY THE INJURED WORKER WHERE TO ACCESS THE 9 DIVISION'S LIST OF LEVEL I AND LEVEL II ACCREDITED PHYSICIANS. THE 10 DIRECTOR SHALL CREATE A FORM TO IMPLEMENT THE PROCEDURE TO 11 DESIGNATE A PHYSICIAN. THE EMPLOYEE MAY DESIGNATE ONLY A LEVEL 12 I OR LEVEL II ACCREDITED PHYSICIAN LICENSED UNDER THE "COLORADO 13 MEDICAL PRACTICE ACT", ARTICLE 240 OF TITLE 12, AS THE EMPLOYEE'S 14 AUTHORIZED TREATING PHYSICIAN. THE EMPLOYEE MUST DESIGNATE THE 15 TREATING PHYSICIAN IN WRITING ON THE FORM PRESCRIBED BY THE 16 DIRECTOR. THE EMPLOYEE MAY MAKE ONE TREATING PHYSICIAN 17 DESIGNATION ON THE FORM PRESCRIBED BY THE DIRECTOR ANY TIME 18 AFTER THE ON-THE-JOB INJURY BUT BEFORE BEING PLACED AT MAXIMUM 19 MEDICAL IMPROVEMENT. 20 (B) If there are fewer than four physicians or corporate medical 21 providers within thirty miles of the employer's place of business who are 22 willing to treat an injured employee, the employer or insurer may instead 23 designate one physician or one corporate medical provider, and 24 subparagraphs (III) and (IV) of this paragraph (a) shall not apply. A 25 physician is presumed willing to treat injured workers unless he or she 26 indicates to the employer or insurer to the contrary IN AN EMERGENCY

SITUATION, THE INJURED EMPLOYEE SHALL BE TAKEN TO ANY PHYSICIAN

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1	OR HEALTH-CARE FACILITY THAT IS ABLE TO PROVIDE THE NECESSARY
2	CARE. WHEN EMERGENCY CARE IS NO LONGER REQUIRED, SUBSECTION
3	(5)(a)(I)(A) OF THIS SECTION APPLIES. IMMEDIATELY UPON RECEIPT OF
4	NOTICE THAT EMERGENCY CARE IS NO LONGER REQUIRED, BUT NOT MORE
5	THAN SEVEN BUSINESS DAYS AFTER RECEIPT OF NOTICE THAT EMERGENCY
6	CARE IS NO LONGER REQUIRED, AN EMPLOYER OR INSURER SHALL, IN
7	WRITTEN VERIFIED FORM, NOTIFY THE INJURED EMPLOYEE OF THE INJURED
8	EMPLOYEE'S RIGHT TO DESIGNATE A TREATING PHYSICIAN AND NOTIFY THE
9	INJURED EMPLOYEE ABOUT HOW TO ACCESS THE DIVISION'S LIST OF LEVEL
10	I AND LEVEL II ACCREDITED PHYSICIANS.
11	(C) If there are more than three physicians or corporate medical
12	providers, but fewer than nine physicians or corporate medical providers
13	within thirty miles of the employer's place of business who are willing to
14	treat an injured employee, the employer or insurer may instead designate
15	two physicians or two corporate medical providers or any combination
16	thereof. The two designated providers shall be at two distinct locations
17	without common ownership. If there are not two providers at two distinct
18	locations without common ownership within thirty miles of the
19	employer's place of business, then an employer may designate two
20	providers at the same location or with shared ownership interests. Upon
21	request by an interested party to the workers' compensation claim, a
22	designated provider on the employer's list shall provide a list of
23	ownership interests and employment relationships, if any, to the
24	requesting party within five days of the receipt of the request. IF THE
25	INJURED EMPLOYEE DECLINES TO DESIGNATE A TREATING PHYSICIAN
26	WITHIN ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY DAYS AFTER THE DATE OF INJURY, THE
27	EMPLOYER OR INSURER MAY DESIGNATE A LEVEL I OR LEVEL II

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1	ACCREDITED PHYSICIAN LICENSED UNDER THE "COLORADO MEDICAL
2	PRACTICE ACT", ARTICLE 240 OF TITLE 12, AS THE EMPLOYEE'S
3	DESIGNATED TREATING PHYSICIAN.
4	(D) Except as otherwise provided by sub-subparagraph (E) of this
5	subparagraph (I), any party may request an expedited hearing on the issue
6	of whether the employer or insurer provided a list in compliance with this
7	subsection (5) if the application for expedited hearing is filed within
8	forty-five days after the claimant provides notice of the injury to the
9	<del>employer.</del>
10	(E) If the insurer or self-insured employer admits liability for the
11	claim, any party may request an expedited hearing on the issue of whether
12	the employer or insurer provided a list in compliance with this subsection
13	(5) if the application for expedited hearing is filed within forty-five days
14	after the initial admission of liability for the claim. The director shall set
15	any expedited matter for hearing within sixty days after the date of the
16	application. The time schedule for an expedited hearing is subject to the
17	extensions set forth in section 8-43-209. If the party elects not to request
18	an expedited hearing under this subsection (5), the time schedule for
19	hearing the matter is as set forth in section 8-43-209.
20	(II) (A) If the employer is a health-care provider or a
21	governmental entity that currently has its own occupational health-care
22	provider system, the employer may designate health-care providers from
23	within its own system and is not required to provide an alternative
24	physician or corporate medical provider from outside its own system.
25	(B) If the employer has its own on-site health-care facility, the
26	employer may designate such on-site health-care facility as the authorized
27	treating physician, but the employer shall comply with subparagraph (III)

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1	of this paragraph (a). For purposes of this sub-subparagraph (B), "on-site
2	health-care facility" means an entity that meets all applicable state
3	requirements to provide health-care services on the employer's premises.
4	<del></del>
5	(III) An employee may obtain a one-time change in the
6	designated authorized treating physician under this section by providing
7	notice that meets the following requirements:
8	(A) The notice is provided within ninety days after the date of the
9	injury EMPLOYEE'S FIRST PHYSICIAN DESIGNATION, but before the injured
10	worker EMPLOYEE reaches maximum medical improvement;
11	(B) The notice is in writing and submitted on a form designated
12	by the director. The notice provided in this subparagraph (III) shall
13	SUBSECTION (5)(a)(II) MUST also simultaneously serve as a request and
14	authorization to the initially authorized treating physician to release all
15	relevant medical records to the newly authorized treating physician.
16	(C) The notice is directed to the insurance carrier INSURER or to
17	the employer's authorized representative, if self-insured, and to the
18	<u>initially authorized treating physician and is deposited in the United States</u>
19	mail or hand-delivered to the employer, who shall notify the insurance
20	earrier INSURER, if necessary, and the initially authorized treating
21	physician;
22	(D) The new physician is on the employer's designated list or
23	provides medical services for a designated corporate medical provider on
24	the list a level I or level II accredited physician licensed under
25	THE "COLORADO MEDICAL PRACTICE ACT", ARTICLE 240 OF TITLE 12;
26	(E) The transfer of medical care does not pose a threat to the
27	health or safety of the injured employee;

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1	(F) An insurance carrier INSURER, or an employer's authorized
2	representative if the employer is self-insured, shall track how often
3	injured employees change their authorized treating physician pursuant to
4	this subparagraph (III) SUBSECTION (5)(a)(II) and shall report such
5	information to the division upon request.
6	(IV) (III) (A) When an injured employee changes his or her
7	designated authorized treating physician, the newly authorized treating
8	physician shall make a reasonable effort to avoid any unnecessary
9	duplication of medical services.
10	(B) The originally authorized treating physician shall send all
11	medical records in his or her possession pertaining to the injured
12	employee to the newly authorized treating physician within seven
13	calendar days after receiving a request for medical records from the newly
14	authorized treating physician.
15	(C) The originally authorized treating physician shall continue as
16	the authorized treating physician for the injured employee until the
17	injured employee's initial visit with the newly authorized treating
18	physician, at which time the treatment relationship with the initially
19	authorized treating physician shall terminate.
20	(D) The opinion of the originally authorized treating physician
21	regarding work restrictions and return to work shall control unless and
22	until such opinion is expressly modified by the newly authorized treating
23	physician.
24	(E) The newly authorized treating physician shall be presumed to
25	have consented to treat the injured employee unless the newly authorized
26	treating physician expressly refuses in writing within five days after the
27	date of the notice to change authorized treating physicians. If the newly

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1 authorized treating physician refuses to treat the injured employee, the 2 employee may return to the employer to request an alternative authorized 3 treating physician If the employer does not provide an alternative 4 authorized treating physician within five days after the employee's 5 request, rules established by the division shall control WHO IS A LEVEL I 6 OR LEVEL II ACCREDITED PHYSICIAN LICENSED UNDER THE "COLORADO MEDICAL PRACTICE ACT", ARTICLE 240 OF TITLE 12. 7 8 (V) (IV) If the authorized treating physician moves from one 9 facility to another, or from one corporate medical provider to another, an 10 injured employee may continue care with the authorized treating 11 physician, and the original facility or corporate medical provider shall 12 provide the injured employee's medical records to the authorized treating 13 physician within seven days after receipt of a request for medical records 14 from the authorized treating physician. 15 (VI) (V) (A) In addition to the one-time change of physician 16 allowed in subparagraph (III) of this paragraph (a) SUBSECTION (5)(a)(II) 17 OF THIS SECTION, upon written request to the insurance carrier INSURER or 18 to the employer's authorized representative if THE EMPLOYER IS 19 self-insured, an injured employee may procure written permission to have 20 a personal physician or chiropractor treat the employee. The EMPLOYEE 21 MUST COMPLETE THE written request must be completed on a form that is 22 prescribed by the director. If permission is neither granted nor refused 23 THE EMPLOYER OR INSURER NEITHER GRANTS NOR REFUSES THE 24 PERMISSION REQUEST within twenty days after the date of the certificate 25 of service of the request form, the employer or insurance carrier shall be 26 INSURER IS deemed to have waived any objection to the employee's 27 request. If the employer or insurer objects to the request, the

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EMPLOYER OR INSURER SHALL MAKE THE objection shall be in writing on a form prescribed by the director and shall be served SERVE THE WRITTEN OBJECTION on the employee or, if represented, the employee's authorized representative within twenty days after the date of the certificate of service of the request form. An insurance carrier INSURER, or an employer's authorized representative if THE EMPLOYER IS self-insured, shall track how often an injured employee requests to change his or her THE EMPLOYEE'S physician and how often such change is granted or denied and shall report such information to the division upon request. Upon the proper showing to the division, the employee may procure the division's permission at any time to have a physician of the employee's selection treat the employee, and in any nonsurgical case the employee, with such permission, in lieu of medical aid, may procure any nonmedical treatment recognized by the laws of this state as legal. The practitioner administering the treatment shall receive fees under the medical provisions of articles 40 to 47 of this title TITLE 8 as specified by the division.

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(B) If an injured employee is permitted to change physicians under sub-subparagraph (A) of this subparagraph (VI) SUBSECTION (5)(a)(V)(A) OF THIS SECTION resulting in a new authorized treating physician who will provide primary care for the injury, then the previously authorized treating physician providing primary care shall continue as the authorized treating physician providing primary care for the injured employee until the injured employee's initial visit with the newly authorized treating physician, at which time the treatment relationship with the previously authorized treating physician providing primary care is terminated.

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(C) Nothing in this subparagraph (VI) SUBSECTION (5)(a)(V) precludes any former authorized treating physician from performing an examination under subsection (1) of this section.

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- (D) If an injured employee is permitted to change physicians pursuant to sub-subparagraph (A) of this subparagraph (VI) SUBSECTION (5)(a)(V)(A) OF THIS SECTION resulting in a new authorized treating physician who will provide primary care for the injury, then the opinion of the previously authorized treating physician providing primary care regarding work restrictions and return to work controls unless that opinion is expressly modified by the newly authorized treating physician.
- (10) (b) If the insurer or self-insured employer receives written notice pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection (10) SUBSECTION (10)(a) OF THIS SECTION, or if the insurer or self-insured employer and the authorized treating physician receive written notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, from the injured employee or the injured employee's legal representative that an authorized physician refused to provide medical treatment to the injured employee or discharged the injured employee from medical care for nonmedical reasons when such THE injured employee requires medical treatment to cure or relieve the effects of the work injury, and there is no other authorized physician willing to provide medical treatment, then the insurer or self-insured employer shall, within fifteen calendar days from AFTER receiving the written notice, designate a new authorized physician willing to provide medical treatment. If the insurer or self-insured employer fails to designate a new physician pursuant to this paragraph (b), then the injured employee may select the physician who attends to the injured employee ADVISE THE INJURED EMPLOYEE IN WRITING THAT THE INJURED EMPLOYEE

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1	MAY DESIGNATE A NEW LEVEL I OR LEVEL II ACCREDITED PHYSICIAN
2	LICENSED UNDER THE "COLORADO MEDICAL PRACTICE ACT", ARTICLE 240
3	OF TITLE 12, AS THE EMPLOYEE'S NEW AUTHORIZED TREATING PHYSICIAN.
4	THE EMPLOYEE MUST DESIGNATE THE NEW TREATING PHYSICIAN IN
5	WRITING ON THE FORM PRESCRIBED BY THE DIRECTOR.
6	SECTION 2. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act
7	takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the
8	ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly; except
9	that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V
10	of the state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this
11	act within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take
12	effect unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in
13	November 2022 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the
14	official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.

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